





## **CLAIMS**

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Pharmaceutical composition containing as active principles Vitamin D

associated to a calcium salt characterized in that it comprises a binding agent

chosen in the group consisting of: propylene glycol, a polyethylene glycol

4 presenting a molecular weight comprised between 300 and 1500, liquid paraffin or

silicone oil and that the Vitamin D is present at the rate of 1 - 2 g of calcium for

6 500 1000 I.U. of Vitamin D.

- 2. Pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 1, in which the calcium used
- is in the form of a salt chosen in the group consisting of:
- 3 phosphate, glycerophosphate, carbonate, bicarbonate, lactate, citrate, tartrate,
- gluconate, and chloride.
- 1 3. Pharmaceutical composition according to Claims 1 and 2, in which the calcium
- 2 salt is calcium phosphate.
- 1 4. Pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 3 wherein the calcium
- 2 phosphate is 30 80% by weight calculated on the total composition.
- 5. Pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 1, in which the Vitamin D
- used is Vitamin D<sub>2</sub> (or ergocalciferol), Vitamin D<sub>3</sub> (or cholecalciferol), or one of
- 3 their mixtures.
- 1 6. Pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 5, in which the vitamin used is
- 2 Vitamin D<sub>3</sub>.
- 1 7 Pharmaceutical composition (bag) according to Claim 1, containing the
- 2 propylene glycol or polyethylene glycol in a quantity comprised between 5-15%
- 3 by weight calculated on the total composition.
- 8. Pharmaceutical composition (tablet) according to Claim 1, containing liquid
- 2 paraffin or silicone oil.
- 9. Pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 7, characterized as follows:
- 2 Tribasic calcium phosphate

3.100 g

- 3 (corresponding to 1200 mg of Ca<sup>++</sup>)
- 4 Cholecalciferol (Vit. D<sub>3</sub>) 100 000 IU/g

0.008 g

- 5 (corresponding to 800 IU)
- 6 Propylene glycol

0.800 g

7 E110

0.002 g

Orange flavouring Sorbitol q.s. to

10



8	Colloidal silica	0.120	g
9 \	Lemon flavouring	0.100	g
10	Microcrystalline cellulose - MCC	0.200	g
11	Sodium saccharin	0.015	g
12	Anhydrous citric acid	0.165	g
13	Sucrose monopalmitate	0.120	g
14	Mannitol q.s. to	7.000	g
1	10. Pharmaceutical composition according to Claim	7, char	acterized as follows:
2	Tribasic calcium phosphate	3.100	g
3	(corresponding to 1200 mg of Ca++)		
4	Cholecalciferol (Vit. $Q_3$ ) 100 000 IU/g	0.008	g
5	(corresponding to 800 U)		
6	Polyethylene glycol 400	0.800	g
7	E110	0.002	g
8	Colloidal silica	0.120	g
9	Lemon flavouring	0.100	g
10	Microcrystalline cellulose - MCC	0.200	g
11	Sodium saccharin	0.015	g
12	Anhydrous citric acid	0.165	9
13	Sucrose monopalmitate	0.120	9
14	Mannitol q.s. to	7.000	g
1	11. Pharmaceutical composition according to Claim	8, chai	racterized as follows:
2	Tribasic calcium phosphate	3.100	9
3	(corresponding to 1200 mg of Ca <sup>++</sup> )		
4	Cholecalciferol (Vit. D <sub>3</sub> ) 100 000 IU/g	0.008	g
5	(corresponding to 800 IU)		
6	Liquid paraffin	0.500	g
7	Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose	0.050	g
8	Sodium saccharin	0.015	g

12. Pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 8\ characterized as follows:

4.400 g



2	Tribasic calcium phosphate	3.100	g
3	(corresponding to 1200 mg of Ca++)		
4	Cholecalciferol (Vit. D <sub>3</sub> ) 100 000 IU/g	800.0	9
5	(corresponding to 800 HJ)		
6	Silicone oil	0.500	g
7	Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose	0.050	g
8	Sodium saccharin	0.015	g
9	Orange flavouring	0.100	g
10	Sorbitol q.s. to	4.400	g
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- 1 13. Process for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition according to
- 2 Claims 1 and 7, characterized by the following steps:
- a) In a granulator turning at high speed, distribute the binding agent, consisting
- of propylene glycol or low-molecular-weight polyethylene glycols over the calcium
- 5 salt.
- 6 b) Add the colloidal silica, approximately 25% of the mannite, the citric acid, and
- the sodium saccharin, and mix for the time required and at the appropriate speed.
- 8 c) Add the mixture, prepared separately, consisting of sucrose palmitate, a
- suspending agent, flavouring, colouring agent, the remaining part of the mannite,
- and the Vitamin D<sub>3</sub>, and mix together with the rest of the preparation.
- 11 d) Distribute the granulate thus obtained into bags.
- 1 14. Process for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition according to
- 2 Claims 1 and 8, characterized by the following steps:
- a) In a granulator turning at high speed, distribute the binding agent, consisting of
- 4 liquid paraffin or silicone oil, over the calcium salt.
- 5 b) Add in order, to a mixture of colloidal silica, carboxymethyl cellulose and
- 6 sodium saccharin previously sifted, the Vitamin D<sub>3</sub> \and the sorbitol, mixing
- thoroughly every time before a new ingredient is added. Rour the mixture into the
- 8 rotating granulator and mix for the required time and at the appropriate speed.
- 9 c) Compress the granulate to the required weight to obtain the desired tablets.
- 1 15. Composition according to Claim 1, for use in the treatment of nutritional
- deficiency of calcium and Vitamin D in the elderly, to reduce the loss of bone



- 3 tissue linked to age and to prevent femoral fractures and other non-vertebral
- 4 fractures.
- 1 16. Composition according to Claim 1, for use in the prevention of osteoporosis
- 2 induced by treatment with corticosteroids.
- 1 17. Method for the treatment of nutritional deficiency of calcium and Vitamin D in
- the elderly, to reduce the loss of bone tissue linked to age and to prevent femoral
- 3 fractures and other non-vertebral fractures, in which therapeutically effective
- 4 quantities of a composition according to Claim 1 are administered to the patient.
- 1 18. Method according to Claim 16 for the prevention of osteoporosis induced by
- 2 treatment with corticosteroids.

